



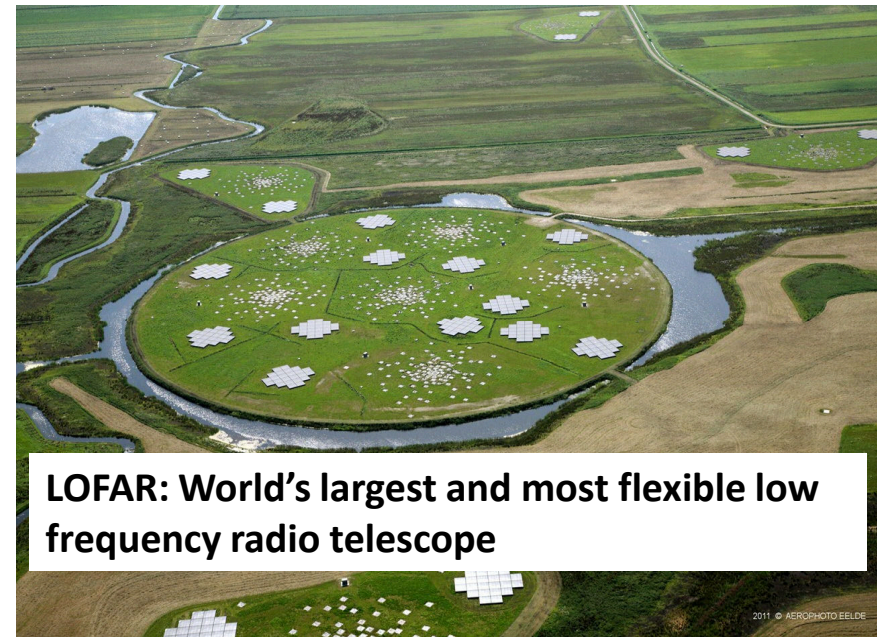
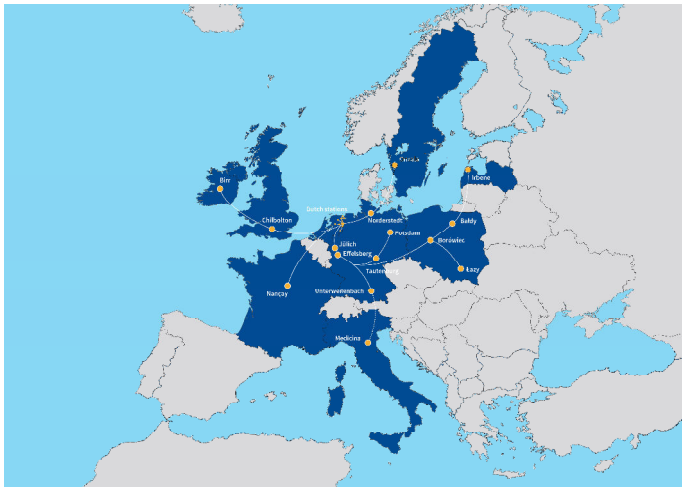
PITHIA-NRF Research Infrastructure

Access to LOFAR node:

ASTRON Netherlands Institute
for Radio Astronomy



Infrastructure: **LOFAR:** low frequency radio telescope, operating at frequencies between **10-80 MHz and 110-250 MHz**. Several stations, each consisting of many (48/96) dipole antennas. Dense core (baselines <3km, 24 stations) and 14 remote stations (baselines <100km) in the North East part of the Netherlands. Several international stations throughout Europe (Ireland, UK, Sweden, Germany, Latvia, Poland, France, *Italy*)



LOFAR: World's largest and most flexible low frequency radio telescope

Designed for radio astronomy, **very suitable for ionospheric research.**

Contact persons: Maaijke Mevius (mevius@astron.nl) & Richard Fallows (fallows@astron.nl)



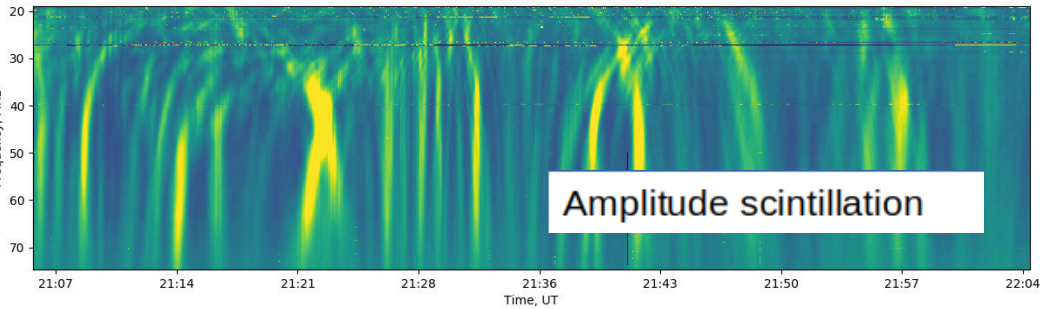
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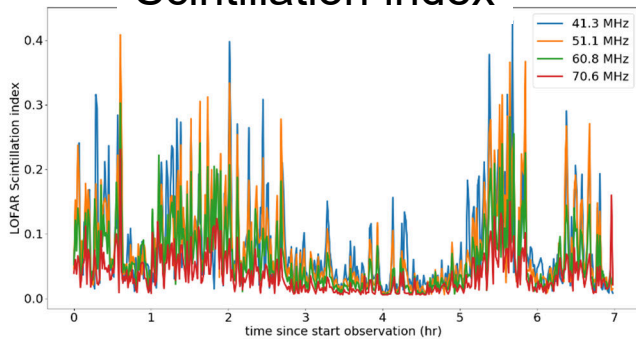
Cas A - CS002 - 2013-01-18/19



Products: database of ionospheric amplitude scintillation data of a bright radio source. Single station data of multiple stations. Access to small scale structures and velocities thereof, by combining data from multiple core stations (python scripts).

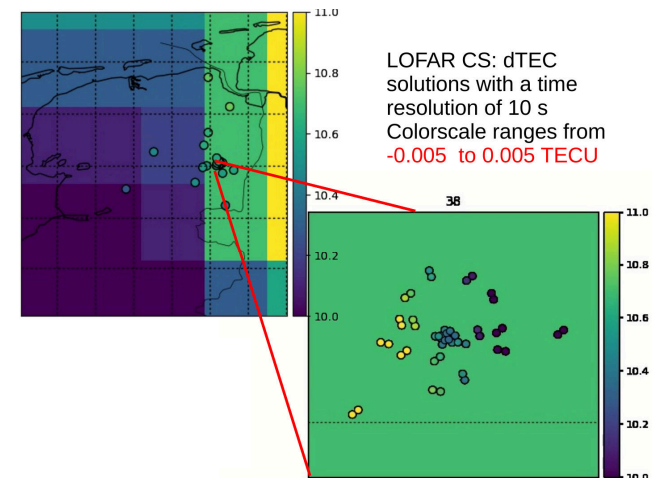
Other (more experimental) data products:

Scintillation index



TEC gradients (mTECU accuracy) from existing calibration data

Direct fast (1 min) imaging of large ~500km FOV TEC gradient structures (limited number of existing observations), including mTIDs/field aligned wavelike structures



LOFAR CS: dTEC solutions with a time resolution of 10 s
Colorscale ranges from -0.005 to 0.005 TECU

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LOFAR



Data access

Data from the LOFAR node can be accessed through the Long Time Archive (LTA) of LOFAR;

Full database of existing scintillation data needs to be established;

New data can be requested through the LOFAR proposals (2 cycles per year, reviewed by external committee; success depends on scientific content and feasibility of the proposal – coordination with the LOFAR Solar and Space Weather Key Science Project strongly recommended).

Some observations can be done in parallel to astronomical observations.

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