Getting rid of ionospheric mapping function for improving STEC correction

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The ionospheric mapping function defines the conversion between Vertical Total Electron Content (VTEC) and Slant Total Electron Content (STEC). Even under quiet ionospheric conditions, the slant ionospheric delay estimation error caused by the typically adopted thin-layer mapping function can reach as high as several meters, severely affecting the availability and integrity of high-precision GNSS services. The increasing number of singleand multi-frequency GNSS users, e.g., low-cost geodetic-grade receivers in applications like precise agriculture, and smart device users in mass markets, drives greater demands for high-precision location services. However, mitigating the ionospheric mapping function error remains a perennial challenge of GNSS positioning. To address this challenge, a new study group "Ionospheric Mapping Function" has been established in the frame of the IGS Ionosphere Working Group [1]. Attempts to improve the ionospheric mapping function by considering the realistic vertical structure of the ionosphere, and meanwhile the horizontal gradient to a certain extent, have demonstrated the benefit of applying the tomographic solutions derived from GNSS measurements to the ionospheric mapping function [2, 3]. In the same line, a more direct way of estimating STEC using accurate tomographic solutions is proposed, which depends neither on VTEC models nor on the ionospheric mapping function. Initial validation results for the 2024 Mother's Day storm will be presented.s

References

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